

## REC

**RECUBATION.** *n. f.* [*recubo*, Latin.] The act of lying or leaning.

Whereas our translation renders it fitting, it cannot have that illation, for the French and Italian translations express neither position of session or recubation. *Brown.*

**RECULE,** for **RECOIL.** [*reculer*, Fr.] *Spenser.*  
**RECU'MBENCY.** *n. f.* [from *recumbent*.]

1. The posture of lying or leaning.  
In that memorable shew of Germanicus, twelve elephants danced unto the sound of music, and after laid them down in tricliniums, or places of festival *recumbency*. *Brown.*
2. Rest; repose.

When the mind has been once habituated to this lazy *recumbency* and satisfaction on the obvious surface of things, it is in danger to rest satisfied there. *Locke.*

**RECU'MBENT.** *adj.* [*recumbens*, Lat.] Lying; leaning.

The Roman *recumbent*, or more properly *accumbent*, posture in eating was introduced after the first Punick war. *Arb.*

**TO RECURE.** *v. n.* [*recuro*, Lat.]

1. To come back to the thought; to revive in the mind.  
The idea, I have once had, will be unchangeably the same, as long as it *recurs* the same in my memory. *Locke.*

In this life, the thoughts of God and a future state often offer themselves to us; they often spring up in our minds, and when expelled, *recur* again. *Colamy.*

A line of the golden verses of the Pythagoreans *recurring* on the memory, hath often guarded youth from a temptation to vice. *Watts.*

When any word has been used to signify an idea, that old idea will *recur* in the mind when the word is heard. *Watts.*

2. [*Recurre*, Fr.] To have recourse to; to take refuge in.

If to avoid succession in eternal existence, they *recur* to the punctum fians of a more positive idea of infinite duration. *Locke.*

The second cause we know, but trouble not ourselves to *recur* to the first. *Wake's Preparation for Death.*

**TO RECURE.** *v. a.* [*re* and *cure*.] To recover from sickness or labour.

Through wife handling and fair governance,  
I him *recured* to a better will,  
Purged from drugs of foul intemperance. *Fairy Queen.*

Pierced pure  
In western waves his weary wagon did *recure*. *Fa. Queen.*

With one look she doth my life dismay,  
And with another doth it freight *recure*. *Spenser.*

The wanton boy was shortly well *recured*  
Of that his malady. *Spenser.*

Thy death's wound  
He who comes thy Saviour shall *recure*,  
Not by destroying Satan, but his works  
In thee and in thy seed. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. xii.*

**RECURE.** *n. f.* Recovery; remedy.

Whatever fell into the enemies hands, was lost without *recure*: the old men were slain, the young men led away into captivity. *Kneller's History of the Turks.*

**RECURRENCE.** *n. f.* [from *recurrent*.] Return.

Although the opinion at present be well suppressed, yet, from some strings of tradition and fruitful *recurrence* of error, it may revive in the next generation. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*

**RECURRENCE.** *adj.* [*recurrent*, Fr. *recurrens*, Lat.] Returning from time to time.

Next to lingering durable pains, short intermittent or swift *recurrent* pains precipitate patients unto consumptions. *Harvi.*

**RECURRENCE.** *n. f.* [*recursus*, Lat.] Return.

One of the assistants told the *recursions* of the other pendulum hanging in the free air. *Boyle.*

**RECURRENCE.** *n. f.* [*recurvo*, Lat.] Flexure backwards.

**RECURVITY.** *n. f.* [*recurvus*, Lat.] Bent backward.

Ascending first into a capillary reception of the breast bone by a serpentine *recursion*, it ascendeth again into the neck. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*

**RECURRENCE.** *adj.* [*recurrens*, Lat.] Bent backward.

I have not observed tails in all; but in others I have observed long *recurrens* tails, longer than their bodies. *Derham.*

**RECUSANT.** *n. f.* [*recusans*, Lat.] One that refuses any terms of communion or society.

They demand of the lords, that no *recusant* lord might have a vote in passing that act. *Clarendon.*

Were all corners ransacked, what a multitude of *recusants* should we find upon a far differing account from that of conscience! *Decay of Piety.*

**TO RECUSE.** *v. n.* [*recuso*, Fr. *recuso*, Lat.] To refuse.

A juridical word.

The humility, as well of understanding as manners of the fathers, will not let them be troubled, when they are *recused* as judges. *Digby.*

A judge may proceed notwithstanding my appeal, unless I *recuse* him as a suspected judge. *Asyliff's Parergon.*

**RED.** *adj.* [from the old Saxon, *red*; *rhod*, Welsh. As the town of Hertford, Mr. Camden, in his Britannia, noteth, first was called, by the Saxons, Herudford, the red ford, or

## RED

the red ford or water; high Dutch, *rot*; from the Greek, *ῥοδον*; French, *rouge*; Italian, *rubro*; from the Latin, *rubus*. *Peascham.* Of the colour of blood, of one of the primitive colours, which is subdivided into many; as scarlet, vermilion, crimson.

Look I so pale.

—Ay, and no man in the presence,  
But his red colour hath forlook his cheeks. *Shakefp.*

Bring me the fairest creature northward born,  
To prove whose blood is *reddest*. *Shakefp. Merch. of Ven.*

His eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk. *Gen. xlix. 12.*

Th' angelick squadron turn'd fiery red.

If red lead and white paper be placed in the red light of the coloured spectrum, made in a dark chamber by the refraction of a prism, the paper will appear more lucid than the red lead, and therefore reflects the red making rays more copiously than red lead doth. *Newton's Opticks.*

The sixth red was at first of a very fair and lively scarlet, and soon after of a brighter colour, being very pure and brisk, and the best of all the reds. *Newton's Opticks.*

Why heavenly truth,  
And moderation fair, were the red marks  
Of superstition's scourge. *Thomson's Winter.*

**TO REDARGUE.** *v. a.* [*redarguo*, Lat.] To refute. Not in use.

The last wittily *redargues* the pretended finding of coin, graved with the image of Augustus Cæsar, in the American mines. *Hakewill on Providence.*

**REDERRIED** *shrub cassia.* *n. f.* A plant. It is male and female in different plants: the male hath flowers consisting of many stamina or threads, without any petals; these are always fertile: the female plants, which have no conspicuous power, produce spherical berries, in which are included nuts of the same form. *Miller.*

**REDBREAST.** *n. f.* A small bird, so named from the colour of its breast.

No burial this pretty babe  
Of any man receives,  
But him *redbreast* painfully  
Did cover him with leaves. *Children in the Wood.*

The *redbreast*, sacred to the household gods,  
Pays to trusted man his annual visit. *Thomson.*

**REDCOAT.** *n. f.* A name of contempt for a soldier.

The fearful passenger, who travels late,  
Shakes at the moon-thine shadow of a rust,  
And sees a *redcoat* rise from every bush. *Dryden.*

**TO REDDEN.** *v. a.* [from *red*.] To make red.

In a heav'n serene, resplendent arms appear  
Redding the skies, and glittering all around,  
The temper'd metals clash. *Dryden's Æn.*

**TO REDDEN.** *v. n.* To grow red.

With shame they *redden'd*, and with spite grew pale. *Dryden's Juvenal.*

Turn upon the ladies in the pit,  
And if they *redder*, you are sure 'tis wit. *Addison.*

The poor inhabitant beholds in vain  
The *redding* orange and the swelling grain. *Addison.*

For me the balm shall bleed, and amber flow,  
The coral *reddens*, and the ruby glow. *Pope.*

Appius *reddens* at each word you speak,  
And stares, tremendous, with a threatening eye,  
Like some fierce tyrant in old tapestry. *Pope.*

**REDDISH.** [from *red*.] Somewhat red.

A bright spot, white and somewhat *reddish*. *Lee.*

**REDDISHNESS.** *n. f.* [from *reddish*.] Tendency to redness.

Two parts of copper and one of tin, by fusion brought into one mass, the whiteness of the tin is more conspicuous than the *reddishness* of the copper. *Boyle.*

**REDDITION.** *n. f.* [from *reddo*, Lat.] Restitution.

She is reduced to a perfect obedience, partly by voluntary *reddition* and desire of protection, and partly by conquest. *Howell's Vocal Forest.*

**REDDITIVE.** *adj.* [*redditivus*, Lat.] Answering to an interrogative. A term of grammar.

**REDDE.** *n. f.* A sort of mineral.

*Redde* is an earth of the metal kind, of a tolerably close and even texture: its surface is smooth and somewhat glossy, and it is soft and unctuous to the touch, staining the fingers very much: it is remarkably heavy, and its colour of a fine florid, though not very deep red: our American colonies abound with it; and in England we have the finest in the world: it has been used as an astringent. *Hill's Mat. Med.*

**REDE.** *n. f.* [*red*, Saxon.] Counsel; advice. Not used.

Do not as some ungracious pastors do,  
Shew me the steep and thorny way to heav'n;  
Whilst he a puffed and reckless libertine,  
Himself the primrose path of dalliance treads,  
And recks not his own *rede*. *Shakefp. Hamlet.*

**TO REDE.** *v. a.* [*red*, Saxon.] To advise.

I *rede* thee hence to remove,  
Lest thou the price of my displeasure prove. *Spenser.*

**TO REDEEM.**

## RED

**TO REDEEM.** *v. a.* [*redimo*, Lat.]

1. To ransom; to relieve from any thing by paying a price.  
The kinsman said, I cannot *redeem* it for myself, left I mar mine inheritance. *Ruth iv. 6.*

2. To rescue; to recover.

If, when I am laid into the tomb,  
I wake before the time that Romeo  
Comes to *redeem* me, there's a fearful point. *Shakefp.*

Thy father  
Levied an army, weening to *redeem*  
And re-install me in the diadem. *Shakefp. Henry VI.*

Th' almighty from the grave  
Hath me *redeem'd*; he will the humble save. *Sandys.*

*Redeem* Israel, O God, out of all his troubles. *Pf. xxv.*

*Redeem* from this reproach my wand'ring ghost. *Dryden.*

3. To recompense; to compensate; to make amends for.

Waywardly proud; and therefore bold, because extremely  
Faulty; and yet having no good thing to *redeem* these. *Sidney.*

This feather fits, the lives; if it be so,  
It is a chance which does *redeem* all sorrows

That ever I have felt. *Shakefp. King Lear.*

Having committed a fault, he became the more obsequious  
and pliant to *redeem* it. *Wotton.*

Think it not hard, if at so cheap a rate  
You can secure the constancy of fate,  
Whole kindnesses sent what does your malice seem  
By lesser ills the greater to *redeem*. *Dryden.*

4. To pay an atonement.

Thou hast one daughter,  
Who *redeems* nature from the general curse,  
Which twain have brought her to.

5. To save the world from the curse of sin.  
Which of you will be mortal to *redeem*  
Man's mortal crime. *Milton.*

**REDEEMABLE.** *n. f.* [from *redeem*.] Capable of redemption.

**REDEEMABLENESS.** *n. f.* [from *redeemable*.] The state of being redeemable.

**REDEEMER.** *n. f.* [from *redeem*.]

1. One who ransoms or redeems.  
She inflamed him so,  
That he would alights with Pyrocles fight,  
And his *redeemer* challeng'd for his foe,  
Because he had not well maintain'd his right. *Fa. Queen.*

2. The Saviour of the world.

I every day expect an embassage  
From my *redeemer* to redeem me hence;  
And now in peace my soul shall part to heav'n. *Shakefp.*

Man's friend, his mediator, his design'd  
Both ransom and *redeemer* voluntary. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

When saw we thee any way distressed, and relieved thee?  
will be the question of those, to whom heaven itself will be  
at the last day awarded, as having ministered to their *redeemer*. *Boyle.*

**TO REDELIVER.** *v. a.* [*re* and *deliver*.] To deliver back.

I have remembrances of yours,  
That I have longed long to *redeliver*. *Shakefp.*

Instruments judicially exhibited, are not of the acts of  
courts; and therefore may be *redelivered* on the demand of  
the person that exhibited them. *Asyliff's Parergon.*

**REDELIVERY.** *n. f.* [from *redeliver*.] The act of delivering back.

**TO REDEMAND.** *v. a.* [*redemand*, Fr. *re* and *demand*.] To demand back.

Threefold attacked the place where they were kept in  
custody, and rescued them: the duke *redemands* his prisoners,  
but receiving only excuses, he resolved to do himself justice. *Addison's Remarks on Italy.*

**REDÉMPION.** *n. f.* [*redemption*, Fr. *redemptio*, Lat.]

1. Ransom; release.  
Utter darkness his place  
Ordain'd without *redemption*, without end. *Milton.*

2. Purchase of God's favour by the death of Christ.  
I charge you, as you hope to have *redemption*,  
That you depart, and lay no hands on me. *Shakefp.*

The Saviour son be glorify'd,  
Who for lost man's *redemption* dy'd. *Dryden.*

**REDÉMPTEUR.** *adj.* [from *redemptus*, Lat.] Paid for ransom.

Omega sings the exequies,  
And Hector's *redemptory* price. *Chapman's Iliad.*

**REDHOT.** *adj.* [*red* and *hot*.] Heated to redness.

Iron *redhot* burneth and consumeth not. *Bacon.*

Is not fire a body heated so hot as to emit light copiously?  
for what else is a *redhot* iron than fire? and what else is a  
burning coal than *redhot* wood? *Newton's Opticks.*

The *redhot* metal hilles in the lake. *Pope.*

**REDINTEGRATE.** *adj.* [*redintegratus*, Latin.] Restored; renewed; made new.

Charles VIII. received the kingdom of France in flourishing  
estate, being *redintegrated* in those principal members,  
which anciently had been portions of the crown, and were  
after discovered: so as they remained only in homage, and  
not in sovereignty. *Bacon's Henry VII.*

## RED

**REDINTEGRATION.** *n. f.* [from *redintegrare*.]

1. Renovation; restoration.  
They kept the feast indeed, but with the leaven of malice,  
and absurdly commemorated the *redintegration* of his natural  
body, by mutilating and dividing his mythical. *Doc. of Piety.*

2. *Redintegration* chymists call the restoring any mixed body or  
matter, whose form has been destroyed, to its former nature  
and constitution. *Quincy.*

He but prescribes as a bare chymical purification of nitre,  
what I teach as a philosophical *redintegration* of it. *Boyle.*

**REDLEAD.** *n. f.* [*red* and *lead*.] Minium. See **MINIUM**.

To draw with dry colours, make long palls, by grinding  
*redlead* with strong wort, and to roll them up into long rolls  
like pencils, drying them in the sun. *Peascham.*

**REDNESS.** *n. f.* [from *red*.] The quality of being red.

There was a pretty *redness* in his lips. *Shakefp.*

In the red sea, most apprehend a material *redness*, from  
whence they derive its common denomination. *Brown.*

The glowing *redness* of the berries vies with the verdure of  
their leaves. *Spektor, N° 477.*

**REDOLENCE.** *n. f.* [from *redolent*.] Sweet scent.

**REDOLENCY.** *n. f.* [from *redolent*.] Sweet scent.

We have all the *redolence* of the perfumes we burn upon  
his altars. *Boyle.*

Their flowers attract spiders with their *redolency*. *Martim.*

**REDOLENT.** *adj.* [*redolens*, Lat.] Sweet of scent.

Thy love excels the joys of wine;  
Thy odours, O how *redolent*! *Sandys's Paraphrase.*

**TO REDOUBLE.** *v. a.* [*redoubler*, Fr. *re* and *double*.]

1. To repeat often.  
So ended she; and all the rest around  
To her *redoubled* that her underling. *Spenser.*

They were  
As cannons overcharg'd with double cracks,  
So they *redoubled* strokes upon the foe. *Shakefp. Macbeth.*

2. To encrease by addition of the same quantity over and over.  
Mimas and Parnassus fivest,  
And Ætna rages with *redoubled* heat. *Addison.*

**TO REDOUBLE.** *v. n.* To become twice as much.

If we consider, that our whole eternity is to take its colour  
from those hours which we here employ in virtue or vice,  
the argument *redoubles* upon us, for putting in practice this  
method of passing away our time. *Addison's Spectator.*

**REDOUT.** *n. f.* [*redout*, *redoute*, Fr. *ridotta*, Italian.] The  
outwork of a fortification; a fortlet.

Every great ship is as an impregnable fort, and our many  
safe and commodious ports are as *redouts* to secure them. *Bacon.*

**REDOUTABLE.** *adj.* [*redoutable*, Fr.] Formidable; terrible  
to foes.

The enterprising Mr. Lintot, the *redoutable* rival of Mr.  
Tonson, overtook me. *Pope.*

**REDOUTED.** *adj.* [*redouté*, Fr.] Dread; awful; formidable.

His kingdom's seat Cl.opolis is red,  
There to obtain some such *redoubted* knight,  
That parents dear from tyrant's power deliver might. *F. 2.*

So far be mine, my most *redoubted* lord,  
As my true service shall deserve your love. *Shakefp.*

**TO REDOUND.** *v. n.* [*redondo*, Latin.]

1. To be sent back by reaction.  
The civil, soon  
Driv'n back, *redounded*, as a flood, on those  
From whom it sprung. *Milton's Paradise Lost, b. vii.*

Nor hope to be myself less miserable  
By what I seek, but others to make such  
As I, though thereby worse to me *redound*. *Milton.*

2. To conduce in the consequence.

As the care of our national commerce *redounds* more to  
the riches and prosperity of the publick, than any other act  
of government, the state of it should be marked out in every  
particular reign with greater distinction. *Addison.*

He had drawn many observations together, which very  
much *redound* to the honour of this prince. *Addison.*

3. To fall in the consequence.

As both these monsters will devour great quantities of paper,  
there will no small use *redound* from them to that manu-  
facture. *Addison's Guardian, N° 114.*

The honour done to our religion ultimately *redounds* to  
God the author of it. *Rogers's Sermons.*

**TO REDRESS.**